# General Certificate of Education (A-level) June 2012 

## Mathematics

MD02

## (Specification 6360)

Decision 2

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## Key to mark scheme abbreviations

| M | mark is for method |
| :--- | :--- |
| m or dM | mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method |
| A | mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy |
| B | mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy |
| E | mark is for explanation |
| ᄀor ft or F | follow through from previous incorrect result |
| CAO | correct answer only |
| CSO | correct solution only |
| AWFW | anything which falls within |
| AWRT | anything which rounds to |
| ACF | any correct form |
| AG | answer given |
| SC | special case |
| OE | or equivalent |
| A2,1 | 2 or 1 (or 0$)$ accuracy marks |
| $-x$ EE | deduct $x$ marks for each error |
| NMS | no method shown |
| PI | possibly implied |
| SCA | substantially correct approach |
| c | candidate |
| sf | significant figure(s) |
| dp | decimal place(s) |

## No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award full marks. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn no marks.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.
Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns full marks, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains no marks.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

MD02


MD02


MD02


MD02

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Q \& Solution \& Marks \& Total \& Comments \\
\hline 4(a)(i) \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
Row min \(-6, \quad-3\), \\
Max (row min) \(=\) \\
-3
\end{tabular}
\(\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Col max } \quad 5, \& -4, \& -3 \\
\text { Min (col max) }= \& -3\end{array}\right\}\)
\(\max (\) row min \()=\min (\) col max \()=-3\)
\(\Rightarrow\) game has a stable solution \& M1
A1

E1 \& 3 \& | attempt to find maximin and minimax condone one slip in values |
| :--- |
| all rows min and col max values correct and max (row min) $=-3$ identified and min (col max) $=-3$ identified |
| full statement involving maximin and minimax and both values $=-3$ | <br>

\hline (ii) \& Adam plays $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{2}}$ \& Bill plays $\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{3}}$ Value of game for Bill is +3 \& B1
B1 \& 1
1 \& Examiners must use the correct symbol for marks carried forward at the bottom of page 9 and top of page 10, ie ringed totals with arrows through them. <br>

\hline (b)(i) \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { (Never play) } \mathbf{C}_{2} \\
& \mathrm{C}_{2} \text { dominated by } \mathrm{C}_{1}(-3>-4 \text { and } 2>1)
\end{aligned}
$$ \& B1 \& 1 \& correct strategy stated and correct reason condone $3<4$ and $-2<-1$ <br>

\hline (ii) \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{C}_{1}: 3 p-2(1-p) \\
& \mathrm{C}_{3}:-3 p+5(1-p)
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { M1 } \\
& \text { A1 }
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 2 \& either correct unsimplified both correct unsimplified $\{5 p-2,5-8 p\}$ <br>

\hline (iii) \& $$
\begin{aligned}
3 p-2(1-p) & =-3 p+5(1-p) \\
& \Rightarrow \quad p=\frac{7}{13}
\end{aligned}
$$ \& M1

A1 \& 2 \& equating their 2 expressions <br>

\hline (iv) \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Value of game }=5 \times \frac{7}{13}-2 \\
& \\
& =\frac{9}{13}
\end{aligned}
$$ \& B1 \& 1 \& or $5-8 \times \frac{7}{13}$ <br>

\hline \& Total \& \& 11 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

MD02


MD02

(iv) Indicate on the diagram below a possible flow along each edge corresponding to this maximum flow.
(I mark)

(b) The capacities along $S C$ and along $A T$ are each increased by 4 litres per second.
(i) Using your values from part (a)(iv) as the initial flow, indicate potential increases and decreases on the diagram below and use the labelling procedure to find the new maximum flow through the network. You should indicate any flow augmenting paths in the table and modify the potential increases and decreases of the flow on the diagram.
(6 marks)


| Path | Additional <br> Flow |
| :---: | :---: |
| SCBAT | 3 |
| SAT | 1 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

(ii) Use your results from part (b)(i) to illustrate the flow along each edge that gives this new maximum flow, and state the value of the new maximum flow.

New maximum flow is .................itires...per...second


